

Five Dollars Yearly.]

XVII

NEWPORT MONDAY AFTERNOON JULY 21. 1862.

[Single Copies Two Cents.]

NO 65

The Daily News.

Published every Evening (See excepted) by

GEORGE T. HAMMOND.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

At 123, Thames Street.

TERMS:

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ADVERTISING.

EARLY ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted on reasonable terms.

TRANSMIT ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted for 75 cents per square of 10 lines for the first insertion. Transient advertisers are required to pay in advance.

No advertisements can be inserted gratuitously for charitable or other societies, public institutions or companies.

Business Cards.

W. B. SWAN.

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

Has for sale a good assortment of

Seasonable Goods.

June 7

JACOB SAYER,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

No. 207 Thames St.

NEWPORT, R. I.

Goods to say every description of

Seasonable, Fresh Fruits and Biscuits

and Fruits, &c. &c.

xp 10

LANGLEY & NORMAN,

DRAPERS AND TAILORS,

194 Thames St., Newport.

Constantly hand a complete assortment of

Clothes and Furnishing Goods.

CROWN, CUDLID & BARDLOW,

Gas Dealers and Tin-Plate, Sheet-Iron and

Copper Workers,

212 Thames Street.

Opposite Pitch & Sons, Newport, R. I.

W. B. SWAN.

Jobbing punctually attended to.

July 10

WILLIAM B. SWAN,

DRAPER & TAILOR,

No. 168 Thames Street,

For sale, a fresh supply of seasonable

articles, such as French and German

Clothes, Cambric and Donkins, English

and American Cashmere and Tweeds,

Silk and Marseilles Vestings. A good sup-

ply of Seasonable goods. Also, ready made

Over Coats, Frock Coats, Frock and Vest

10

SHIRMAN & WEST,

Have opened a Market in the New Store

in the "Barber House," 56 Thames

Street, North of S. L. Hall

Shard's Grocery, where may be

found all kinds of

MEATS, BOUTCHRY, GAME,

EGG BUTTER, FRUIT AND

VEGETABLES,

which will be sold at the lowest prices. All

orders promptly delivered free of charge.

July 10

GOTRELL & BRYER,

WALERS IN

FURNITURE,

Wholesalers and retail Agents for CLOCKS

manufactured by the American Clock Co.

ALSO

Manufacturers and Furnishers of Coffins,

with the necessary appendages. All orders

promptly attended to.

GOTRELL & BRYER,

90 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

W. M. D. LARKE.

Public Notary,

Will practice before the Court of Justice,

OFFICE OF VAN ZANDT & RIG.

324-5-6, 123 Thames Street.

THE WILCOX & GIBBS' NEWING

MACHIN.

Has combined with its own peculiar

merits all the really valuable improve-

ments of the highest priced machines.

It forms a flat, even surface, which is

warranted not to rip in wear, and under

all circumstances survive the wash-tub.

It is indeed a wonderful production, and

for family use, especially, no other will bear

comparison with it. W. M. G. GOTRELL,

Agent for Newport,

324-5-6, 123 Thames Street.

JAMES H. HAMMETT,

Dealer in

Paper and Stationery Goods Store

No. 55 Thames street.

WILLIAM CORNELL,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCER,

dry Goods, Shoes, Paper Hangings, Agri-

cultural Implements, &c.

17 & 19 Broad St., and No. 1 Spring St.

and Newport, R. I.

TEAMING.

The subscriber will respectfully inform

friends and the public generally, that he con-

sents to teaming and will always

be found on hand at the New York and Provi-

dence steamers, ready to convey goods to any

part of the city on reasonable terms.

He will pack and move pianos with

the utmost care.

All orders left at the office 180 Thames-

Street or at his residence, 36 Union street, will be

most respectfully attended to.

JOSEPH S. LYON,

Plumber, Brass & Copper Worker,

Manufacturer of Pumps, Kettles, Steam Pipes,

Repairing and general Jobbing prompt-

ly attended to, at 280 Thames Street.

July 10

W. B. SWAN.

Wholesale Retail Dealers in

CROCHETS, PROVISIONS,

Flour, Grains, &c., &c.

also, extensive Trade in Bleached and Un-

bleached Spars, Lard, Elephant and

Whale Oil, Stone Store, 15 Broad and

11 Spring Street, Newport, R. I.

A nice assortment of Toys and Fancy Glas-

kets, I shall keep on hand as usual.

Thankfully appreciating past kind patron-

age, I will endeavor to do all in my power to

secure a continuance of the same.

July 10

G. M. MUNCHINGER,

Ice Cream, Cake and Confectionery,

74 Spring Street,

July 10

HAVING RECENTLY IMPROVED my

Ice Cream Establishment with the best

labor-saving machine for freezing Cream, I

am now able to meet any demand at the

shortest notice, and to furnish Ice Cream of

the most superior quality, at a reduced price.

Hotels, Boarding Houses, Fairs, Retailers

and others will find it particularly to their ad-

vantage to call on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Orders for Ice Cream, Ices, Jellies, Char-

ottes, plain and fancy Cakes, &c., from any

part of the city and vicinity, will be executed

with the utmost care and exactness.

My Confectionery also having given a

general satisfaction here for a long time, is

unparalleled by any in the country.

Making a fresh supply every day, using only the

finest oils and dried fruit for flavoring, and

nothing but the best materials for confection-

ery, whatever it may be.

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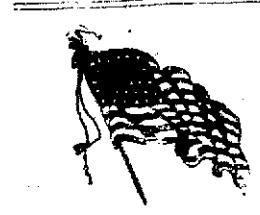
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For EDITORIAL Department, Local Item General and War News, see this page—Latest News by Telegraph and Marine Journal, this page—Subscription and Advertising Terms and Miscellaneous Reading, first page.

Advertisers are not allowed to insert stars, display lines or cuts in the volume of this paper.

CONGRESS.

Congress has closed its session with some of the most important acts ever made the subject of legislation since the government was founded. Several of these would, under any circumstances previously known, have been quite possible. They have now been made necessary by this most unexpected of calamities, the rebellion, and their enactment has been possible for the same reason. If they are beyond any previous policy of the government, it is because the rebellion has made such departure necessary to the public safety. If any extreme conservative deprecates them, it is incumbent on the objector to show in what manner they could have been avoided after war was begun by the original traitors. The strict line of necessity has been followed, we believe it may be said, in the case of every law finally enacted, however great the appearances have been that the introducer of measures has acted from theoretical views, and has been disposed to try experiments with his theories in advance of necessity. We do not feel called upon to judge of the various preludes to legislation, of the bills introduced, or of the debates which have taken place on them. But with the laws finally enacted the public have much to do; and if they are likely to injure the frame-work of the government for which we are sacrificing so much, and are ready to sacrifice life, if necessary, it is of the utmost importance to know the fact. We take the responsibility of saying that no such injury will occur; and that, deeply as any one or more of these laws may affect the social structure of the rebel States, they are not endangered by them.

One fact is both striking and gratifying. As we approach the dangers which demand universal financial measures, and the confiscation of the property of rebels in arms, the opposition to those measures gives way, and is silenced in a most remarkable manner. Objectors threatened months ago that great agitation would ensue if laws like these were tried, but they are now put on the statute books in almost perfect quiet. They will be put in execution in the same quiet manner. As time passes they will be more and more vindicated by the course of events, as has been the case with all the important laws enacted since these troubles began.

There is something beyond the triumph of parties, or the ascendancy of principles before disputed, in this course of events. The army called into the field; the financial measures necessary to sustain the enormous draft of the war and to preserve the public credit; the tax bills; the confiscation acts; the complications concerning slavery and the slaves—all these; great and difficult questions of legislation have been, we believe, surrounded with a degree of success that can hardly be ascribed to the superior judgment of the whole body of Congress, without confessing to a deliverance from complications and difficulties scarcely less than providential. Nearly everything necessary or desirable has been done, although few had the courage a month since to hope for so much.

Among the most recent acts of great importance is the general Militia law, which in substance places the militia of all the States at the call of the President, as they now are at the call of the respective Governors. Should drafting be necessary, every requisite power is conferred for it, at the same time that the distinct agency of the States will not be interfered with. In most of the northern and New England States the action of the States is a practical draft, districts and even divisions of counties having definite numbers of recruits assigned them under the last call for 8000 men. They are proceeding to fit up their respective quotas under their own militia laws, a course which is properly within their choice, at present, to take or not to take until the President shall give a definite order under the new law. The Confiscation act is not, if not even of greater importance. The supplement or amendment or amendment suggested by the President, and somewhat unwillingly adopted by the

Senate because of the parliamentary informality, was at last assented to by an overwhelming majority, the propriety of the objections urged by the Executive being fully conceded.

With the close of the session the burden falls very heavily on the Executive and his advisers. The several members of the Executive board are agreed, however, and have no divisions which can be made the occasion for future changes. Certainly Congress does not leave the field with any imputations of duties neglected.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS.

SCARCITY OF CHANGE.—There is at present a great scarcity of small change in our community, and it amounts to a real nuisance. In the transaction of ordinary business this want of change, slogs, interrupts and annoys, to such an extent that the consequences are seriously inconvenient. Dealers have to forego sales, or extend credit, in many instances, where it is not desirable.

The barbers suffer in a peculiar manner. For the dealer can take back his sales to a customer of doubtful credit, but when a man who has passed through the shaving process, offers a bill in payment, it is not quite so easy to "fix matters," and the barber has to loose "the shave" or get worse "shaved" himself by changing a bill for six cents, when the spouse he pays out is worth twenty. This "shaving" operation has been "tried on" several times by "sharpers" in our city.

But the whole matter is wrong, a public wrong.

The trouble arises from a mean spirit of gain, that deserves no better name than the *evil, ty, pay and feather bag*.

We know that we speak advisedly when we say that certain men are hoarding specific to the public detriment, whilst others, still more blameworthy, are speculating in it. These buy small articles whenever they can do so, and after getting in their possession a quantity of change sell at perhaps twenty per cent advance.

Let these men be marked and the seal of public ignominy be placed indelibly upon them. Some of them are known and will be better known, if they pursue their trade further.

Letter from a Soldier.

The following letter from a soldier in the camp at the Grove will be read with interest, as further showing the good that has been accomplished by the benevolent and patriotic efforts of our citizens.

PORTSMOUTH GROVE, July 19th 1862.

MR. EDITOR:—

Size—Allow me a small space in your paper, in which to acknowledge my sincere thanks and gratitude to the citizens of Rhode Island for their untiring energies in relieving the sufferings of the sick and wounded soldiers as they were transported.

EVERYTHING THAT COULD BE DONE has been done by them to elevate the spirit and the mind of the soldiers, and lead them to think that they are in a land of freedom, and surrounded by friends who are willing to do all to the last. All I can say, is, that I can *feel* my gratitude, but words are not sufficient to express it.

But my prayer to heaven is, that peace and plenty may forever reign over their land, and may the proud Stars and Stripes continue to float on Freedom's breeze, while the bald Palmetto is withering and buried in its last ditch.

From a N. Y. Soldier.

I. M. W.

HONOR TO OLD NEWPORT.—We publish with much pleasure the following letters received by His Honor Mayor Cranston.

The appreciation of the efforts put forth by our noble old city to contribute its mite towards the comfort of the sick and wounded, will sound sweet to the ears of our generous citizens. It will stimulate them still further good works, and even sacrifice if the good cause requires them.

THE GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK

and the anxiety of his official duties, find time to send us a line of "good cheer"

and the Treasurer of the Sanitary Commission (Mr. Strong) gives us praise for the past and hints for the future:

STATE OF NEW YORK, Executive Department, Albany July 17, 1862.

SIR:—

Dr. Vanderpool, Surgeon General of this State, has detailed to me the facts connected with the landing and treatment of the hospital patients now in quarters at Portsmouth Grove, and especially of your efforts in rendering aid in all respects necessary for their comfort.

I desire to express to you my cordial thanks for the interest you have taken and the generous labors you have bestowed upon the sick and wounded soldiers from this State.

I am with much respect,

Your Obit. Ser't.

G. D. MORGAN,

His Honor William H. Cranston, Mayor

etc. Newport, R. I.

68 WALL STREET,

New York, July 18, 1862.

MY DEAR SIR:—

On behalf of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, I have the honor to acknowledge with many thanks the receipt of your favor of the 18th inst., and of the liberal contribution of the people of Newport which accompanied it. We have been, from the outset, loquacious to your City and State for a most generous and steady support in our efforts to aid and relieve the army.

Your suggestions as to the disposition that should be made of these contributions are most judicious, and coincide with the policy on which we have been acting for the last three months. Nearly all our expenditure is now for the armies in Virginia. Our Western Agents are raising funds as far as to be almost self-sustaining, and we are and for some time past have been concentrating all our efforts and means on the supply of such stores and material appliances as will tend to keep men out of the Hospital and help them while in it.

I enclose a pamphlet that has been issued here in regard to the wants of the

army, and will take the liberty of sending on a few more by Express. Their distribution may be of use in stimulating the patriotic women of Rhode Island to increased activity (if that be possible) in forwarding supplies.

I am, Very Respectfully and Truly,

Your Obit. Ser't.

GEO. T. STRONG,

HOW. W. H. CRANSTON.

Letter from a Correspondent.

We publish the following letter by request from a correspondent, who we presume "speaks that which he doth know."

NEWPORT, July 19th 1862.

MR. EDITOR:—In visiting the tents occupied by the rebel prisoners, I could not help noticing the difference between our women of Newport, and the women of New Orleans, as described by Gen. Butler in his famous regulation issued to preserve our brave soldiers from insult in that city.

Here the kind hearted creatures present each soldiers with bouquets, comb their hair, give them money, and the choicer kinds of food and fruits in great abundance, and some, even, leave their daggers with them.

And I am also pleased to add that the ladies of Newport who visit the tents of the sick and wounded Union soldiers, do all they can to make them comfortable. Some of the brave men who yet have no beds or pillows to lie on, seem to look with a wistful eye towards the rebel tents, but the barber has to loose "the shave" or get worse "shaved" himself by changing a bill for six cents, when the spouse he pays out is worth twenty. This "shaving" operation has been "tried on" several times by "sharpers" in our city.

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United States Hotel.

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"

N. C. Carr

"

F. A. Muller

Boston

"

Wm Sleasor

Portsmouth Grove

"

Chas H. Hornet

"

Jas Kennedy

"

Miss H. Brown

Gloucester

"

Eph Brown

New Bedford

"

Stephen A. Tripp

Taunton

"

M. H. Bliss

"

Dan'l Shaffner

"

Thos. C. Camm

"

H. H. Roberts

"

Ed Vaughn

"

A. J. Rob

"

G. A. Wailes

"

